

In Errata

In Impact Of COVID-19 Pandemic and Updated Utilization Patterns of Sacroiliac Joint Injections from 2000 to 2020 in The Fee-For-Service (FFS) Medicare Population, (Pain Physician 2022; 25:239-250) an error in Table 1. The correct version can be found below. The publisher apologizes for the errors. The article has been updated to correct the errors.

<https://www.painphysicianjournal.com/current/pdf?article=NzQ2Mw%3D%3D&journal=143>

Table 1. Characteristics of Medicare beneficiaries and sacroiliac joint interventions from 2000 to 2020.

Year	Number of Individuals Participating in Medicare	Sacroiliac Joint Intraarticular Injections				Arthrodesis Sacroiliac Joint		Fusion Of Sacroiliac Joint	
		Services	% of Change	Rate per 100,000 Medicare Beneficiaries	% of Change from Previous Year	Services	Rate per 100,000 Medicare Beneficiaries	Services	Rate per 100,000 Medicare Beneficiaries
Y2000	39,632	49,554 (59%)		125					
Y2010	46,914	237,905 (42%)	3.9%	507	1.4%			318	0.7
Y2011	48,300	252,654 (43%)	6.2%	523	3.2%			648	1.3
Y2012	50,300	266,764 (45%)	5.6%	530	1.4%			1,399	2.8
Y2013	51,900	266,643 (47%)	0.0%	514	-3.1%			1,864	3.6
Y2014	53,500	278,866 (48%)	4.6%	521	1.5%			1,806	3.4
Y2015	54,900	296,997 (49%)	6.5%	541	3.8%	1,280#	2.3	1,140#	2.1
Y2016	56,500	315,480 (45%)	6.2%	558	3.2%	1,808	3.2	1,126	2.0
Y2017	58,000	325,642 (45%)	3.2%	561	0.6%	2,233	3.9	1,222	2.1
Y2018	59,600	331,537 (46%)	1.8%	556	-0.9%	2,824	4.7	1,396	2.3
Y2019	61,200	337,613 (50%)	1.8%	552	-0.8%	3,572	5.8	1,523	2.5
Y2020	62,600	278,923 (49%)	-17.4%	446	-19.2%	4,504	7.2	1,475	2.4
Change from									
2000-2020	58.0%	462.9%		256.4%					
GM	2.3%	9.0%		6.6%					
2000-2010	18.4%	380.1%		305.6%					
GM	1.7%	17.0%		15.0%					
2010-2019	30.5%	41.9%		8.8%		179.1%*	150.3%*	378.9%	267.1%
GM	3.0%	4.0%		0.9%		40.3%*	35.4%*	19.0%	15.5%
2010-2020	33.4%	17.2%		-12.1%		252%	252%	363.8%	247.6%
GM	2.9%	1.6%		-1.3%		29%	29%	16.6%	13.3%
2019-2020		-17.4%		-19.2%		26.1%	23.3%	-3.2%	-5.3%

CPT 27279 started in 2015 and CPT code 27280 started in 2008. # based on 5% data.

* from 2015 to 2019 GM - Geometric average annual change () facility percentage

In The Predictive Value of Fear Avoidance Beliefs for Outcomes Following Surgery for Lumbar Degenerative Disease: A Systematic Review and Best Evidence Synthesis, (Pain Physician 2022; 25:441-457) author names' were inadvertently transposed. This error has been corrected.

<https://www.painphysicianjournal.com/current/pdf?article=NzUyMQ%3D%3D&journal=146>